

Helios Brillant
Section: 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Helios Brillant

Product code : 103628E

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Metal Cleaner

Substance type: : Mixture

For professional users only.

Product dilution information : No dilution information provided.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Stainless steel care. Manual process

Recommended restrictions on use : Reserved for industrial and professional use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Ecolab Ltd.
PO Box 11; Winnington Avenue
Northwich, Cheshire, United Kingdom CW8 4DX
+ 44 (0)1606 74488
ccs@ecolab.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : +441618841235
+32-(0)3-575-5555 Trans-European

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Section: 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319

2.2 Label elements
Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :



SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006**Helios Brilliant**

Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements : **Prevention:**
P280e Wear eye protection/face protection.

2.3 Other hazards

Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.

Section: 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2 Mixtures****Hazardous components**

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. REACH No.	Classification REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Concentration: [%]
alcohols, c12-14, ethoxylated	68439-50-9 500-213-3 01-2119487984-16	Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1; H400 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1; H318 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2; H315	$\geq 3 - < 5$
citric acid, monohydrate	5949-29-1 201-069-1 01-2119457026-42	Eye irritation Category 2; H319	$\geq 1 - < 2.5$
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :			
aluminium oxide	1344-28-1 215-691-6 01-2119529248-35	Not Classified;	$\geq 30 - < 50$
ethanol	64-17-5 200-578-6 01-2119457610-43	Flammable liquids Category 2; H225	$\geq 2.5 - < 5$

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Section: 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : Rinse with plenty of water.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

If inhaled : Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

Section: 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting : Fire Hazard
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Flash back possible over considerable distance.
Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Hazardous combustion products : Depending on combustion properties, decomposition products may include following materials:
Carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides (NO_x)
Sulphur oxides
Oxides of phosphorus

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Use personal protective equipment.

Further information : Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Section: 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel : Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Advice for emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local /

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national regulations (see section 13). Flush away traces with water. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
For personal protection see section 8.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Section: 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

- Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.
- Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidizing agents. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in suitable labeled containers.
- Storage temperature : 0 °C to 40 °C

7.3 Specific end uses

- Specific use(s) : Stainless steel care. Manual process

Section: 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters****Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m ³	UKCOSSTD
Further information	15	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust		
	44	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit.		
	45	Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The		

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		behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'.		
	46	Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3.		
	47	Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with.		
	2	Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used		
		TWA (Inhalable dust)	10 mg/m ³	UKCOSSTD
Further information	15	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust		
	44	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m ⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m ⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit.		
	45	Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'.		
	46	Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3.		
	47	Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with.		
	2	Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used		
ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,920 mg/m ³	UKCOSSTD
Further information	2	Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used		

8.2 Exposure controls**Appropriate engineering controls**

Engineering measures : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Eye/face protection (EN 166) : Safety glasses with side-shields

Hand protection (EN 374) : No special protective equipment required.

Skin and body protection : No special protective equipment required.

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(EN 14605)

Respiratory protection (EN 143, 14387) : None required if airborne concentrations are maintained below the exposure limit listed in Exposure Limit Information. Use certified respiratory protection equipment meeting EU requirements(89/656/EEC, (EU) 2016/425), or equivalent, when respiratory risks cannot be avoided or sufficiently limited by technical means of collective protection or by measures, methods or procedures of work organization.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Consider the provision of containment around storage vessels.

Section: 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: white
Odour	: Perfumes, fragrances
pH	: 2.9 - 3.7, 100 %
Flash point	: 57 °C closed cup, Does not sustain combustion.
Odour Threshold	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Evaporation rate	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Upper explosion limit	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Lower explosion limit	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Vapour pressure	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Relative vapour density	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Relative density	: 1.28 - 1.33
Water solubility	: soluble
Solubility in other solvents	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Thermal decomposition	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Viscosity, kinematic	: 2072.690 mm ² /s (40 °C)
Explosive properties	: Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture
Oxidizing properties	: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

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Not applicable and/or not determined for the mixture

Section: 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Depending on combustion properties, decomposition products may include following materials:

Carbon oxides

nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

Sulphur oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

Section: 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Product

Acute oral toxicity : There is no data available for this product.

Acute inhalation toxicity : There is no data available for this product.

Acute dermal toxicity : There is no data available for this product.

Skin corrosion/irritation : There is no data available for this product.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization : There is no data available for this product.

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Carcinogenicity : There is no data available for this product.

Reproductive effects : There is no data available for this product.

Germ cell mutagenicity : There is no data available for this product.

Teratogenicity : There is no data available for this product.

STOT - single exposure : There is no data available for this product.

STOT - repeated exposure : There is no data available for this product.

Aspiration toxicity : There is no data available for this product.

Components

Acute oral toxicity : citric acid, monohydrate
LD50 rat: 11,700 mg/kg

aluminium oxide
LD50 rat: > 10,000 mg/kg

ethanol
LD50 rat: 10,470 mg/kg

Components

Acute inhalation toxicity : ethanol
4 h LC50 rat: 117 mg/l
Test atmosphere: vapour

Components

Acute dermal toxicity : alcohols, c12-14, ethoxylated
LD50 : > 2,000 mg/kg

citric acid, monohydrate
LD50 rat: > 2,000 mg/kg

ethanol
LD50 rabbit: > 15,800 mg/kg

Potential Health Effects

Eyes : Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Ingestion : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Inhalation : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Chronic Exposure : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Experience with human exposure

Eye contact : Redness, Pain, Irritation

Skin contact : No symptoms known or expected.

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Ingestion : No symptoms known or expected.

Inhalation : No symptoms known or expected.

Section: 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Environmental Effects : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Product

Toxicity to fish : no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : no data available

Toxicity to algae : no data available

Components

Toxicity to fish : citric acid, monohydrate
96 h LC50 Fish: > 100 mg/l

ethanol
96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): > 100 mg/l

Components

Toxicity to algae : alcohols, c12-14, ethoxylated
72 h EC50: 0.8 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product

Biodegradability : The surfactants contained in the product are biodegradable according to the requirements of the detergent regulation 648/2004/EC

Components

Biodegradability : alcohols, c12-14, ethoxylated
Result: Readily biodegradable.

citric acid, monohydrate
Result: Readily biodegradable.

aluminium oxide
Result: Not applicable - inorganic

ethanol
Result: Readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

Section: 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers. Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Guidance for Waste Code selection : Organic wastes containing dangerous substances. If this product is used in any further processes, the final user must redefine and assign the most appropriate European Waste Catalogue Code. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable European (EU Directive 2008/98/EC) and local regulations.

Section: 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

Land transport (ADR/ADN/RID)

14.1 UN number : Not dangerous goods

14.2 UN proper shipping name : Not dangerous goods

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : Not dangerous goods

14.4 Packing group : Not dangerous goods

14.5 Environmental hazards : Not dangerous goods

14.6 Special precautions for user : Not dangerous goods

Helios Brillant**Air transport (IATA)**

14.1 UN number : Not dangerous goods
14.2 UN proper shipping name : Not dangerous goods
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : Not dangerous goods
14.4 Packing group : Not dangerous goods
14.5 Environmental hazards : Not dangerous goods
14.6 Special precautions for user : Not dangerous goods

Sea transport (IMDG/IMO)

14.1 UN number : Not dangerous goods
14.2 UN proper shipping name : Not dangerous goods
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : Not dangerous goods
14.4 Packing group : Not dangerous goods
14.5 Environmental hazards : Not dangerous goods
14.6 Special precautions for user : Not dangerous goods
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not dangerous goods

Section: 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

according to Detergents Regulation EC 648/2004 : less than 5 %: Non-ionic surfactants
Other constituents: Perfumes
Allergens:
Limonen
Amyl cinnamal

National Regulations

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

Other regulations : The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations.
The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations.
Health and Safety at Work Act.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out on the product.

Section: 16. OTHER INFORMATION**Procedure used to derive the classification according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008**

Classification	Justification
Eye irritation 2, H319	Based on product data or assessment

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H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS – Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM – American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw – Body weight; CLP – Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR – Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN – Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL – Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA – European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number – European Community number; ECx – Concentration associated with x% response; ELx – Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS – Emergency Schedule; ENCS – Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx – Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS – Globally Harmonized System; GLP – Good Laboratory Practice; IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA – International Air Transport Association; IBC – International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 – Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC – Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO – International Maritime Organization; ISHL – Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO – International Organisation for Standardization; KECI – Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 – Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 – Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL – International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. – Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC – No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL – No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR – No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC – New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD – Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS – Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT – Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS – Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR – (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH – Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID – Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT – Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS – Safety Data Sheet; TCSI – Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS – Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN – United Nations; vPvB – Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Prepared by : Regulatory Affairs

Numbers quoted in the MSDS are given in the format: 1,000,000 = 1 million and 1,000 = 1 thousand. 0.1 = 1 tenth and 0.001 = 1 thousandth

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the left-hand margin of the SDS.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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Annex: Exposure Scenarios

Exposure Scenario: Stainless steel care. Manual process

Life Cycle Stage : Widespread use by professional workers
Product category : **PC31** Polishes and wax blends

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for:

Environmental release category : **ERC8a** Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems
Daily amount per site : 7.5 kg
Type of Sewage Treatment Plant : Municipal sewage treatment plant

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for:

Process category : **PROC10** Roller application or brushing
Exposure duration : 480 min
Operational conditions and risk management measures : Indoor

Local Exhaust Ventilation is not required

General ventilation Ventilation rate per hour 1

Skin Protection : No

Respiratory Protection : No