



## SAFETY DATA SHEET TOILET CLEANER SUPER CONCENTRATE

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name	TOILET CLEANER SUPER CONCENTRATE
Product number	FHSB10, FHSBH10
Internal identification	CL3023, CL3024

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Acidic Detergent. For professional use only.
Uses advised against	Not for use by hand. Not for Direct Oral Consumption. Must not be used where Hypochlorite based chemicals (Bleach) are present.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Bunzl UK & Ireland (UK) PrimeSource, PO BOX 15247, Birmingham, B23 3HN, UK - Tel: +44 (0) 8085 749 312 (IE) PrimeSource, Unit D9, Horizon Logistics Park, Swords, Co.Dublin, K67 N4T2, Ireland - Tel: +353 (0)1 630 1800  Cleanline® is a registered trademark of Bunzl UK Ltd info@prime-source.co.uk
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#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone	24 Hour Medical Emergency Telephone Number (+44) 0870 190 6777 This product is registered with the NPIS. UK Environment Agency 24hour Advisory Service 0800 807060. Irish Environmental Protection Agency 1890 335599 (This is a Lo Call Number)
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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards	Met. Corr. 1 - H290
Health hazards	Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318
Environmental hazards	Not Classified

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H290 May be corrosive to metals. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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<b>Precautionary statements</b>	<p>P234 Keep only in original packaging.</p> <p>P280 Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection.</p> <p>P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</p> <p>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.</p> <p>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</p> <p>P313 Get medical advice/ attention.</p>
<b>Contains</b>	PHOSPHORIC ACID
<b>Detergent labelling</b>	≥ 30% phosphates, 5 - < 15% non-ionic surfactants
<b>Supplementary precautionary statements</b>	<p>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</p> <p>P405 Store locked up.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</p>

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. Note:- H290 May be Corrosive to Metals  
 Classification relates to Soft Metals such as Aluminium and Copper, when used correctly this product is not expected to be corrosive to 304 and 316 Stainless Steel.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

PHOSPHORIC ACID			30-60%
CAS number: 7664-38-2	EC number: 231-633-2	REACH registration number: 01-2119485924-24	
<b>Classification</b> Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
N-ALKYL "tallow" N,N-BIS HYDROXYETHYL AMINE OXIDE			1-5%
CAS number: 61791-46-6	EC number: 263-179-6	M factor (Acute) = 1	
<b>Classification</b> Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400			
MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL			1-5%
CAS number: 57-55-6	EC number: 200-338-0	REACH registration number: 01-2119456809-23-XXXX	
<b>Classification</b> Not Classified			

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<b>ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE</b>		<b>1-5%</b>
CAS number: 68131-39-5	EC number: 500-195-7	REACH registration number: 01-2119488720-33-XXXX
M factor (Acute) = 1		
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

**Composition comments**      To the best of our knowledge, all of the substances used in this product are being supported for the relevant application in REACH.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

<b>General information</b>	When it is safe to do so, remove victim immediately from source of exposure. However, consideration should be given as to whether moving the victim will cause further injury. For immediate First Aid advice in the UK, dial 111.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing that is not stuck to the skin. Flush area with clean water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
<b>Protection of first aiders</b>	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>General information</b>	The information given here relates to the neat chemical, dilutions may also cause chemical burns to skin and permanent eye damage.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Unlikely route of exposure. If mixed with Hypochlorite based products (Bleach) Chlorine Gas may be evolved, this can result in irritation to eyes and difficulty in breathing. If inhaled this may result in irritation to the mouth, nose and respiratory tract. Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Unlikely route of exposure without deliberate abuse. If neat chemical is ingested, chemical burning of mouth, throat and GI tract will occur. Similar but less severe symptoms will be seen if dilute chemical is ingested.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Burns can occur.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Extreme pain and blurred vision. May result in permanent eye damage.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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**Notes for the doctor**                      Contains Phosphoric Acid and wetting agents. Rinse well with water until skin and eyes are at a normal pH. Note on initial dilution this product will thicken to form a substantive but water soluble gel. If mixed with bleach will produce Chlorine Gas, check for respiratory disorders.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media**    The product is non-combustible. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards**                      On heating corrosive fumes may be produced.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during firefighting**                      Protective clothing and respiratory protection should be worn when tackling fires involving this product. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters**                      Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions**                      Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions**                      Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up**                      Stop leak if possible without risk. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections**                      See sections 8, 12 & 13

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions**                      Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions**                      Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in a demarcated bunded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses. Keep above the chemical's freezing point. Store between +5 and +40 Degrees C Keep away from chlorinated and alkaline products.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)**                      Toilet cleaner and descaler.

**Usage description**                      Refer to use instructions.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

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### Occupational exposure limits

#### PHOSPHORIC ACID

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 474 mg/m<sup>3</sup> vapour

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> particulates

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

### **Ingredient comments**

Where an exposure level is quoted, a risk assessment should consider if there is a need to monitor the atmosphere of the working environment. Results should be compared against the WEL and/or DNEL information provided. The Long Term WEL refers to total exposure of a worker to a specific substance averaged out over an 8 hour period.

The Short Term WEL refers to a single exposure of a worker to a specific substance over a 15 minute period.

If the Short Term WEL is exceeded and no Long Term Limit is set, further exposure during the working shift is not permitted. Further controls should be implemented to ensure that future exposure to the substance is reduced below the levels set before the activity is repeated/continued. Where no Short Term WEL exists, guidance from the HSE is to use a value of three times the Long Term WEL.

The WEL limits are laid down in the EH40 list as supplied by the HSE. Where a worker is exposed to levels approaching a limit, further exposure control measures should be considered to reduce exposure to the substance. DNEL and/or PNEC information is supplied by manufacturers of substances in accordance with REACH legislation (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006), and is used to provide suitable risk reduction measures to limit exposure of the user of the substance to a non hazardous level. If the measured level of exposure by a route divided by the DNEL for the route is greater than 1, then further exposure controls should be implemented as described in section 8.2. Where new information becomes available under REACH, this will be passed on as revisions to the Safety Data Sheet.

#### PHOSPHORIC ACID (CAS: 7664-38-2)

**DNEL** - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 2.92 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL (CAS: 57-55-6)

**DNEL** Professional - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 168 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Professional - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**PNEC**

- Fresh water; 260 mg/l
- marine water; 26 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 572 mg/l
- Sediment (Marinewater); 57.2 mg/l
- Soil; 50 mg/kg dwt
- STP; 20000 mg/l

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Not applicable.

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<b>Personal protection</b>	The PPE indicated above is not a COSHH assessment. It represents PPE that should be considered during the manufacture, distribution, use and final disposal stages of this product's life cycle. It is the responsibility of employers to conduct a COSHH/risk assessment to determine appropriate PPE levels. The information given below should be used to support this assessment. Where possible replace manual processes with automated or closed processes to minimise contact with the product.
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Chemical splash goggles or face shield. Refer to EN Standard 166 to select appropriate level of protection.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Rubber (natural, latex). Neoprene. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Refer to Standard EN 374 and EN 16523
<b>Other skin and body protection</b>	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible. Reference to EN 13832 and EN 943 is useful when selecting footwear and clothing.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Ensure adequate ventilation, do not breathe in spray or vapours.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Do not allow the substance to contaminate surface water/ground water. See points 6, 12 & 13. Discharge of solutions into effluent systems (including municipal drains) or to surface water are expected to cause significant pH changes. Discharge of solutions should be carried out such that pH changes are minimised. Where necessary pH buffering measures should be adopted.
<b>General Health and Safety Measures.</b>	A full Risk Assessment should be carried out before handling any chemical(s). Risk Assessments should refer to COSHH, and any other relevant legislation or industry specific guidelines governing the use of chemicals. Risk assessments should refer to COSHH and any other relevant legislation or industry specific guidelines governing the use of Chemicals. Use of gloves and eye protection is recommended as minimum PPE for use solutions.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Clear liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	Yellow. Note: Colour changes from yellow to green upon dilution with water
<b>Odour</b>	Faint Detergent
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not applicable.
<b>pH</b>	pH (concentrated solution): 1 - 2
<b>Melting point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	Not applicable. Contains no Flammable Components
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Evaporation factor</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	Not applicable.

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Vapour density	Not applicable.
Relative density	1.39
Bulk density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not applicable. Technically not feasible.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Viscosity will increase upon addition of water.
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not applicable. Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

### 9.2. Other information

Refractive index	Not applicable.
Particle size	Not applicable.
Molecular weight	Not applicable.
Volatility	Not applicable.
Saturation concentration	Not applicable.
Critical temperature	Not applicable.
Volatile organic compound	Not applicable.
Explosive Properties	Not Classified as Explosive
Storage Temperature Range	+5 to +40 degrees C

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	Not expected to react when correctly stored and used. Mixing with other chemicals may produce unexpected reactions. Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use. Avoid contact with caustic/alkaline material; this will generate heat and potentially corrosive vapour. Avoid contact with bleach and other hypochlorite based products; this will produce toxic Chlorine gas.
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### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. - See note 10.6.
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### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Refer to section 10.1.
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### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.
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### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	Contact with Hypochlorite based products will liberate Toxic Chlorine Gas.
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### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Hazardous decomposition products** Will evolve Hydrogen Gas when in contact with soft metals such as Aluminium.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity - oral

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 25,000.0

##### Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** No evidence of respiratory sensitisation for any component of this formulation.

##### Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** No evidence of skin sensitisation for any component of this formulation.

##### Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** The components of this formulation will not be systemically available in the body under normal conditions of handling. As a consequence it is not expected to cause cancer.

##### Reproductive toxicity

**Reproductive toxicity - fertility** The components of this formulation will not be systemically available in the body under normal conditions of use and handling. As a consequence it is not expected to be toxic to the reproductive system or developing foetus.

**General information** See section 4.2.

**Inhalation** Inhalation of neat product is unlikely. Mixing with Bleach will evolve Toxic Chlorine Gas.

**Ingestion** May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.

**Skin contact** Causes burns.

**Eye contact** Risk of serious damage to eyes. May cause permanent eye injury. - See section 4.2.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. However it contains a component (or components) that is (are) classified as very toxic to the aquatic environment in their neat form. Normal use is unlikely to pose a risk to the environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

##### Acute aquatic toxicity

**Acute toxicity - fish** Normal use of diluted product is unlikely to pose a risk.  
See note 12.0.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The surfactant(s) used in this preparation complies (comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in the European Detergents Regulation No 648/2004 as amended.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** Not expected to bioaccumulate.

**Partition coefficient** Not applicable. Technically not feasible.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product contains substances which are water soluble and may spread in water systems.



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### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**      This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

**Other adverse effects**      Not determined.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**General information**      When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Do not mix with other chemicals. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

**UN No. (ADR/RID)**      1805

**UN No. (IMDG)**      1805

**UN No. (ICAO)**      1805

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

**Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)**      PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION

**Proper shipping name (IMDG)**      PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION

**Proper shipping name (ICAO)**      PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION

**Proper shipping name (ADN)**      PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

**ADR/RID class**      8

**ADR/RID label**      8

**IMDG class**      8

**ICAO class/division**      8

### Transport labels



### 14.4. Packing group

**ADR/RID packing group**      III

**IMDG packing group**      III

**ICAO packing group**      III

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

**Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant**  
No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

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EmS F-A, S-B

Emergency Action Code 2R

Hazard Identification Number 80  
(ADR/RID)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78  
and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**National regulations** UK Adoption and Implementation of the UN Globally Harmonised System (GHS) on Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GB CLP) and considers UK National REACH legislation.

**EU legislation** European Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (as amended) on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures.  
Also considered is the REACH Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 (as amended).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

#### **Pcs Information**

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

**Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet** (EC) No. 1272/2008 : EU Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures.  
NPIS - National Poisons Information Service.  
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic.  
vPvB - Very Persistent, Very bioaccumulative.  
REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation & restriction of CHemicals (Regulation EC 1907/2006).  
DNEL - Derived No Effect Limit.  
PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
COSHH - Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.  
Industry - Refers in section 8 to application of the substance in an industrial process.  
Professional - Refers in section 8 to application/use of the preparation/product in a skilled trade premises.

**General information** This document is a Safety Data Sheet, NOT a CoSHH assessment. It is the customer's responsibility to conduct a full CoSHH assessment, taking into account the information held within this document along with other local factors considered in a risk assessment. Only trained personnel should use this material. The Risk and Hazard statements listed below are the full text of abbreviations used in this document. They are not the final classification, for this refer to section 2.

**Revision comments** Review to align with UK and EU regulations Post Brexit Addition of internal identifier Logo updated.

**Revision date** 16/02/2021

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### Hazard statements in full

H290 May be corrosive to metals.  
H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### REACH extended MSDS comments

REACH requires that persons handling chemicals should take the necessary risk management measures, in accordance with assessments from manufacturers and importers of chemical substances. The relevant recommendations must be passed along the supply chain. These assessments are generally reported in Exposure Scenarios. Where Exposure Scenarios have been provided for substances used in this product, the relevant information is incorporated into the safety data sheet.

### END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use. All composition information is based on suppliers data.